# Package 'PheNorm'

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Type Package

**Title** Unsupervised Gold-Standard Label Free Phenotyping Algorithm for EHR Data

Version 0.1.0

**Description** The algorithm combines the most predictive variable, such as count of the main International Classification of Diseases (ICD) codes, and other Electronic Health Record (EHR) features (e.g. health utilization and processed clinical note data), to obtain a score for accurate risk prediction and disease classification. In particular, it normalizes the surrogate to resemble gaussian mixture and leverages the remaining features through random corruption denoising. Background and de-

tails about the method can be found at Yu et al. (2018) <doi:10.1093/jamia/ocx111>.

License GPL-3 Encoding UTF-8 RoxygenNote 7.1.1

URL https://github.com/celehs/PheNorm

BugReports https://github.com/celehs/PheNorm/issues

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr NeedsCompilation no

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#### **Description**

The function requires as input: \* a surrogate, such as the ICD code \* the healthcare utilization It can leverage other EHR features (optional) to assist risk prediction.

## Usage

```
PheNorm.Prob(
  nm.logS.ori,
  nm.utl,
  dat,
  nm.X = NULL,
  corrupt.rate = 0.3,
  train.size = 10 * nrow(dat)
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
nm.logS.ori name of the surrogates (log(ICD+1), log(NLP+1) and log(ICD+NLP+1))

nm.utl name of healthcare utilization (e.g. note count, encounter_num etc)

all data columns need to be log-transformed and need column names

nm.X additional features other than the main ICD and NLP

corrupt.rate rate for random corruption denoising, between 0 and 1, default value=0.3

train.size size of training sample, default value 10 * nrow(dat)
```

#### Value

list containing probability and beta coefficient

#### **Examples**

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