# Package 'ClassificationEnsembles'

# July 21, 2025

Title Automatically Builds 20 Classification Models

#### **Version** 0.5.0

Description Automatically builds 20 classification models from data. The package re-

turns 26 plots, 5 tables and a summary report.

The package automatically builds 12 individual classification models, including er-

ror (RMSE) and predictions. That data is used to create an ensemble, which is then modeled using 8 methods.

The process is repeated as many times as the user requests. The mean of the results are presented in a summary table.

The package returns the confusion matrices for all 20 models, tables of the correlation of the numeric data, the results of the variance inflation process, the head of the ensemble and the head of the data frame.

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**Depends** C50, car, caret, corrplot, doParallel, dplyr, e1071, ggplot2, gt, ipred, MachineShop, magrittr, parallel, pls, purrr, R (>= 2.10), randomForest, ranger, reactable, reactablefmtr, scales, tidyr, tree

**Encoding** UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

LazyData true

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr

#### URL https://github.com/InfiniteCuriosity/ClassificationEnsembles

#### BugReports https://github.com/InfiniteCuriosity/ClassificationEnsembles/issues

NeedsCompilation no

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**Repository** CRAN

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Carseats

Carseats data

# Description

This is the Carseats data as shown in the ISLR package.

# Usage

Carseats

# Format

Carseats A simulated data set with 400 observations and 11 rows

Sales Unit sales (in thousands) at each location

**CompPrice** Price charged by competitor at each location

Income Community income level (in thousands of dollars)

Advertising Local advertising budget for company at each location (in thousands of dollars)

Population Population size in region (in thousands)

Price Price company charges for car seats at each site

**ShelveLoc** A factor with levels Bad, Good and Medium indicating the quality of the shelving location for the car seats at each site

Age Average age of the local population

Urban A factor with levels No and Yes to indicate whether the store is in an urban or rural location

US A factor with levels No and Yes to indicate whether the store is in the US or not

#### Source

ISLR data set, https://www.rdocumentation.org/packages/ISLR/versions/1.4/topics/Carseats

# 2

Classification

# Description

classification-function to perform classification analysis and return results to the user.

# Usage

```
Classification(
    data,
    colnum,
    numresamples,
    predict_on_new_data = c("Y", "N"),
    remove_VIF_above,
    scale_all_numeric_predictors_in_data,
    how_to_handle_strings = c(0("No strings"), 1("Strings as factors")),
    save_all_trained_models = c("Y", "N"),
    save_all_plots,
    use_parallel = c("Y", "N"),
    train_amount,
    test_amount,
    validation_amount
)
```

#### Arguments

data	a data set that includes classification data. For example, the Carseats data in the ISLR package		
colnum	the number of the column. For example, in the Carseats data this is column 7, ShelveLoc with three values, Good, Medium and Bad		
numresamples	the number of times to resample the analysis		
predict_on_new_data			
	Gives the user the opportunity to use the trained models to predict on new and untrained data		
remove_VIF_above			
	Removes columns with Variance Inflaction Factors above the level chosen by the user		
<pre>scale_all_numeric_predictors_in_data</pre>			
	Scales all numeric predictors in the original data		
how_to_handle_strings			
	Converts strings to factor levels		
save_all_trained_models			
	Gives the user the option to save all trained models in the Environment		
<pre>save_all_plots</pre>	Saves all plots in the user's chosen format		

use_parallel	"Y" or "N" for parallel processing		
train_amount	set the amount for the training data		
test_amount	set the amount for the testing data		
validation_amount			
	Set the amount for the validation data		

#### Value

a full analysis, including data visualizations, statistical summaries, and a full report on the results of 35 models on the data

dry\_beans\_small Dry Beans small

#### Description

This is a stratified version of the full dry beans data set. This is about 7 percent of the full data set

#### Usage

dry\_beans\_small

#### Format

dry\_beans\_small A reduced version with 813 rows and 17 columns of the full data set available on UCI: https://archive.ics.uci.edu/dataset/602/dry+bean+dataset

Area The area of a bean zone and the number of pixels within its boundaries

Perimeter Bean circumference is defined as the length of its border

- MajorAxisLength The distance between the ends of the longest line that can be drawn from a bean
- **MinorAxisLength** The longest line that can be drawn from the bean while standing perpendicular to the main axis
- AspectRatio Defines the relationship between MajorAxisLength and MinorAxisLength

Eccentricity Eccentricity of the ellipse having the same moments as the region

- **ConvexArea** Number of pixels in the smallest convex polygon that can contain the area of a bean seed
- EquivDiameter Equivalent diameter: The diameter of a circle having the same area as a bean seed area
- Extent The ratio of the pixels in the bounding box to the bean area
- **Solidity** Also known as convexity. The ratio of the pixels in the convex shell to those found in beans.
- Roundness Calculated with the following formula: (4piA)/(P^2)

Compactness Measures the roundness of an object

ShapeFactor1 Continuous value
ShapeFactor2 Continuous value
ShapeFactor3 Continuous value
ShapeFactor4 Continuous value
Class (Seker, Barbunya, Bombay, Cali, Dermosan, Horoz and Sira)
@source https://archive.ics.uci.edu/dataset/602/dry+bean+dataset

Maternal\_Health\_Risk Maternal Health Risk

#### Description

Data has been collected from different hospitals, community clinics, maternal health cares from the rural areas of Bangladesh through the IoT based risk monitoring system.

#### Usage

Maternal\_Health\_Risk

# Format

Maternal\_Health\_Risk Age, Systolic Blood Pressure as SystolicBP, Diastolic BP as DiastolicBP, Blood Sugar as BS, Body Temperature as BodyTemp, HeartRate and RiskLevel. All these are the responsible and significant risk factors for maternal mortality, that is one of the main concern of SDG of UN.

Age Any ages in years when a women during pregnant.

- **SystolicBP** Upper value of Blood Pressure in mmHg, another significant attribute during pregnancy.
- **DiastolicBP** Lower value of Blood Pressure in mmHg, another significant attribute during pregnancy.

BS Blood glucose levels is in terms of a molar concentration

BodyTemp Body temperature in Farenheit

HeartRate A normal resting heart rate

RiskLevel Predicted Risk Intensity Level during pregnancy considering the previous attribute.

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