Package 'CalibrateSSB'

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Type Package

Title Weighting and Estimation for Panel Data with Non-Response

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Imports methods

Suggests ReGenesees, testthat (>= 2.1.0)

Description Functions to calculate weights, estimates of changes and corresponding variance estimates for panel data with non-response. Partially overlapping samples are handled. Initially, weights are calculated by linear calibration. By default, the survey package is used for this purpose. It is also possible to use ReGenesees, which can be installed from https://github.com/DiegoZardetto/ReGenesees. Variances of linear combinations (changes and averages) and ratios are calculated from a covariance matrix based on residuals according to the calibration model. The methodology was presented at the conference, The Use of R in Official Statistics, and is described in Langsrud (2016) https://www.revistadestatistica.ro/wp-content/uploads/2016/06/RRS2_2016_A021.pdf.

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Description

CalibrateSSB is an R-package that handles repeated surveys with partially overlapping samples. Initially the samples are weighted by linear calibration using known or estimated population totals. A robust model based covariance matrix for all relevant estimated totals is calculated from the residuals according to the calibration model. Alternatively a design based covariance matrix is calculated in a very similar way. A cluster robust version is also possible. In the case of estimated populations totals the covariance matrix is adjusted by utilizing the theory of Särndal and Lundström (2005). Variances of linear combinations (changes and averages) and ratios are calculated from this covariance matrix. The linear combinations and ratios can involve variables within and/or between sample waves.

References

Langsrud, Ø (2016): "A variance estimation R-package for repeated surveys - useful for estimates of changes in quarterly and annual averages", *Romanian Statistical Review* nr. 2 / 2016, pp. 17-28. CONFERENCE: *New Challenges for Statistical Software - The Use of R in Official Statistics*, Bucharest, Romania, 7-8 April.

Särndal, C.-E. and Lundström, S. (2005): *Estimation in Surveys with Nonresponse*, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

AkuData 3

Description

Generate test data of eight quarters

Usage

AkuData(n)

Arguments

n Number of observations within each quarter.

Value

A data frame with the following variables:

id Sample unit identifier year Year

q Quartermonth Month

R Response indicator

age Age group

sex Education group
famid Family identifier
unemployed Unemployed

workforce In workforce

```
# Generates data - two years
z = AkuData(3000) # 3000 in each quarter
```

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CalibrateSSB

Calibration weighting and estimation

Description

Compute weights by calibration and corresponding estimates, totals and residuals

Usage

```
CalibrateSSB(
  grossSample,
  calmodel = NULL,
  response = "R",
  popTotals = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  by = NULL,
  partition = NULL,
  1Regmodel = NULL,
  popData = NULL,
  samplingWeights = NULL,
  usePackage = "survey",
  bounds = c(-Inf, Inf),
  calfun = "linear",
  onlyTotals = FALSE,
  onlyw = FALSE,
  uselRegWeights = FALSE,
  ids = NULL,
  residOutput = TRUE,
  leverageOutput = FALSE,
  yOutput = TRUE,
  samplingWeightsOutput = FALSE,
  dropResid2 = TRUE,
 wGrossOutput = TRUE,
 wave = NULL,
  id = NULL,
  extra = NULL,
  allowNApopTotals = NULL,
  partitionPrint = NULL,
)
```

Arguments

grossSample Data frame.

calmodel Formula defining the linear structure of the calibration model.

variable name of response indicator (net sample when 1).

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popTotals Population totals (similar to population totals as output).

y Names of variables of interest. Can be a list similar to "by" below.

by Names of the variables that define the "estimation domains". If NULL (the de-

fault option) or NA estimates refer to the whole population. Use list for multiple

specifications (resulting in list as output).

partition Names of the variables that define the "calibration domains" for the model.

NULL (the default) implies no calibration domains.

1Regmodel Formula defining the linear structure of a logistic regression model.

popData Data frame of population data.

samplingWeights

Name of the variable with initial weights for the sampling units.

usePackage Specifying the package to be used: "survey" (the default), "ReGenesees" or

"none".

bounds Bounds for the calibration weights. When ReGenesees: Allowed range for the

ratios between calibrated and initial weights. The default is c(-Inf,Inf).

calfun The distance function for the calibration process; the default is 'linear'.

onlyTotals When TRUE: Only population totals are returned.

onlyw When TRUE: Only the calibrated weights are returned.

uselRegWeights When TRUE: Weighted logistic regression is performed as a first calibration

step.

ids Name of sampling unit identifier variable.

residOutput Residuals in output when TRUE. FALSE is default.

leverageOutput Leverages in output when TRUE. FALSE is default.

yOutput y in output when TRUE. FALSE is default.

samplingWeightsOutput

samplingWeights in output when TRUE. FALSE is default.

dropResid2 When TRUE (default) and when no missing population totals - only one set of

residuals in output.

 $wGross \ in \ output \ when \ TRUE \ (default) \ and \ when \ NA \ popTotals.$

wave Time or another repeat variable (to be included in output).

id Identifier variable (to be included in output).

extra Variables for the extra dataset (to be included in output).

allowNApopTotals

When TRUE missing population totals are allowed. Results in error when FALSE

and warning when NULL.

partitionPrint When TRUE partition progress is printed. Automatic decision when NULL

(about 1 min total computing time).

. . . Further arguments sent to underlying functions.

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Details

When popTotals as input is NULL, population totals are computed from popData (when available) or from grossSample. Some elements of popTotals may be missing (not allowed when using ReGenesees). When using "ReGenesees", both weiging and estimation are done by that package. When using "survey", only calibration weiging are done by that package. The parameters wave, id and extra have no effect on the computations, but result in extra elements in output (to be used by WideFromCalibrate() later).

Value

Unless onlyTotals or onlyw is TRUE, the output is an object of class calSSB. That is, a list with elements:

popTotals Population totals.
w The calibrated weights.

wGross Calibrated gross sample weights when NA popTotals.

estTM Estimates (with standard error).

resids Residuals, reduced model when NA popTotals.

resids2 Residuals, full model.

leverages Diagonal elements of hat-matrix, reduced model when NA popTotals.

leverages2 Diagonal elements of hat-matrix, full model.

y as input

samplingWeights

as input

wave as input or via CrossStrata

id as input extra as input

See Also

CalSSBobj, WideFromCalibrate, PanelEstimation, CalibrateSSBpanel.

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CalibrateSSBpanel

Calibration weighting and variance estimation for panel data

Description

Calibration weighting and variance estimation for panel data

Usage

```
CalibrateSSBpanel(...)
```

Arguments

... Input to CalibrateSSB() and PanelEstimation()

Value

Output from PanelEstimation()

See Also

```
CalibrateSSB, PanelEstimation.
```

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Examples

CalSSBobj

Create or modify a CalSSB object

Description

The elements of the CalSSB object are taken directly from the input parameters.

Usage

```
CalSSBobj(
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  w = NULL,
  wGross = NULL,
  resids = NULL,
  resids2 = NULL,
  leverages = NULL,
  leverages2 = NULL,
  samplingWeights = NULL,
  extra = NULL,
  id = NULL,
  wave = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
NULL or an existing calSSB object
Χ
У
                 y
wGross
                 wGross
resids
                 resids
resids2
                 resids2
leverages
                 leverages
leverages2
                 leverages2
samplingWeights
                 samplingWeights
```

CalSSBobjReGenesees

extra	extra
id	id
wave	wave

Value

A CalSSB object. That is, an object of the type retuned by CalibrateSSB.

Note

If x is a ReGenesees/cal.analytic object, this function is a wrapper to CalSSBobjReGenesees.

See Also

CalibrateSSB, CalSSBobjReGenesees, WideFromCalibrate, PanelEstimation.

Examples

CalSSBobjReGenesees

Create a CalSSB object from a ReGenesees/cal.analytic object

Description

Create a CalSSB object from a ReGenesees/cal.analytic object

Usage

```
CalssBobjReGenesees(
   x,
   y,
   samplingWeights = NULL,
   extra = NULL,
   id = NULL,
   wave = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
x Output from ReGenesees::e.calibrate() (object of class cal.analytic)
y formula or variable names
samplingWeights
NULL, TRUE (capture from x), formula, variable name or vector of data
extra
NULL, formula, variable names or matrix of data
id
NULL, TRUE (ids from x), formula, variable name or vector of data
wave
NULL, formula, variable name or vector of data
```

Value

A CalSSB object. That is, an object of the type retuned by CalibrateSSB.

See Also

CalibrateSSB, CalSSBobj, WideFromCalibrate, PanelEstimation.

```
## Not run:
# Generates data - two years
z <- AkuData(3000) # 3000 in each quarter
zPop <- AkuData(10000)[, 1:7]</pre>
z$samplingWeights <- 1
z$ids <- 1:NROW(z)
# Create a ReGenesees/cal.analytic object
library("ReGenesees")
desReGenesees <- e.svydesign(z[z\$R == 1, ], ids = ~ids, weights = ~samplingWeights)
popTemplate <- pop.template(data = desReGenesees, calmodel = ~sex * age, partition = ~year + q)</pre>
popTotals <- fill.template(universe = zPop, template = popTemplate)</pre>
calReGenesees <- e.calibrate(design = desReGenesees, df.population = popTotals)</pre>
# Create CalSSB objects from a ReGenesees/cal.analytic object
CalSSBobjReGenesees(calReGenesees, y = ~unemployed + workforce, id = TRUE,
                     samplingWeights = TRUE, extra = ~famid)
a <- CalSSBobjReGenesees(calReGenesees, y = c("unemployed", "workforce"),</pre>
                          id = "id", extra = "famid", wave = c("year", "q"))
```

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```
# Use the CalSSB object as input ...
PanelEstimation(WideFromCalibrate(a), "unemployed", linComb = PeriodDiff(8, 4))
## End(Not run)
```

CrossStrata

Crossing several factor variables

Description

Create new factor variable by crossing levels in several variables

Usage

```
CrossStrata(by, sep = "-", returnb = FALSE, asNumeric = FALSE, byExtra = NULL)
```

Arguments

by Dataframe or matrix with several variables	by	Dataframe or	matrix with	several	variables
---	----	--------------	-------------	---------	-----------

sep Used to create new level names

returnb When TRUE an overview of original variabels according to new levels are also

retuned

asNumeric When TRUE the new variable is numeric.

byExtra Contains the same variables as by and represents another data set.

Value

a The new variable

aExtra New variable according to byExtra

b Overview of original variabels according to new levels

```
CrossStrata(cbind(factor(rep(1:3,2)),c('A',rep('B',5)) ))
```

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LinCombMatrix

Creation of linear combination matrices

Description

Create matrices for changes (LagDiff), means (Period) and mean changes (PeriodDiff).

Usage

```
LinCombMatrix(
  n,
  period = NULL,
  lag = NULL,
  k = 0,
  takeMean = TRUE,
  removerows = TRUE,
  overlap = FALSE
LagDiff(n, lag = 1, removerows = TRUE)
Period(
  n,
  period = 1,
  k = 0,
  takeMean = TRUE,
  removerows = TRUE,
  overlap = FALSE
)
PeriodDiff(
  n,
  period = 1,
  lag = period,
  k = 0,
  takeMean = TRUE,
  removerows = TRUE,
  overlap = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

n	Number of variables
period	Number of variables involved in each period
lag	Lag used for difference calculation
k	Shift the start of each period

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takeMean Calculate mean over each period (sum when FALSE)

removerows Revove incomplete rows

overlap Overlap between periods (moving averages)

Value

Linear combination matrix

Note

It can be useful to add row names to the resulting matrix before further use.

Examples

```
# We assume two years of four quarters (n=8)

# Quarter to quarter differences
LagDiff(8)

# Changes from same quarter last year
LagDiff(8,4)

# Yearly averages
Period(8,4)

# Moving yearly averages
Period(8,4,overlap=TRUE)

# Difference between yearly averages
PeriodDiff(8,4) # Also try n=16 with overlap=TRUE/FALSE

# Combine two variants and add row names
lc = rbind(LagDiff(8,4),PeriodDiff(8,4))
rownames(lc) = c("diffQ1","diffQ2","diffQ3","diffQ4","diffYearMean")
lc
```

 ${\tt PanelEstimation}$

Variance estimation for panel data

Description

Variance estimation of linear combinations of totals and ratios based on output from wideFromCalibrate

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Usage

```
PanelEstimation(
    x,
    numerator,
    denominator = NULL,
    linComb = matrix(0, 0, n),
    linComb0 = NULL,
    estType = "robustModel",
    leveragePower = 1/2,
    group = NULL,
    returnCov = FALSE,
    usewGross = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

x Output from wideFromCalibrate.

numerator y variable name or number. denominator y variable name or number.

linComb Matrix defining linear combinations of waves.

linComb0 Linear combination matrix to be used prior to ratio calculations.

estType Estimation type: "robustModel" (default), "ssbAKU", "robustModelww", "ro-

bustModelGroup" or "robustModelGroupww" (see below)

leveragePower Power used when adjusting residuals using leverages.

group Extra variable name or number for cluster robust estimation.

returnCov Return covariance matrices instead of variance vectors.

usewGross Use wGross (if avaliable) instead of design weights to adjust covariance matrix

in the case of NA popTotals

Details

When denominator=NULL, only estimates for a single y-variable (numerator) are calculated. When denominator is specified, estimates for numerator, denominator and ratio are calculated. The default estimation type parameter, "robustModel", is equation (12) in paper. "ssbAKU" is (16), "robustModelww" is (9) and "robustModelGroup" and "robustModelGroupww" are cluster robust variants based on $(w-1)^2$ and w^2 .

Value

wTot Sum of weights estimates Ordinary estimates

linCombs Estimates of linear combinations

varEstimates Variance of estimates

varLinCombs Variance of estimates of linear combinations

When denominator is specified the above output refer to ratios. Then, similar output for numerator and denominator are also included.

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See Also

CalibrateSSB, CalSSBobj, WideFromCalibrate, CalibrateSSBpanel.

```
# Generates data - two years
z = AkuData(3000) # 3000 in each quarter
zPop = AkuData(10000)[,1:7]
# Calibration and "WideFromCalibrate"
b = CalibrateSSB(z,calmodel="~ sex*age", partition=c("year","q"),
        popData=zPop, y=c("unemployed","workforce"))
bWide = WideFromCalibrate(b,CrossStrata(z[,c("year","q")]),z$id)
# Define linear combination matrix
lc = rbind(LagDiff(8,4),PeriodDiff(8,4))
rownames(lc) = c("diffQ1", "diffQ2", "diffQ3", "diffQ4", "diffYearMean")
colnames(lc) = colnames(head(bWide$y[[1]]))
# Unemployed: Totals and linear combinations
d1=PanelEstimation(bWide, "unemployed", linComb=lc) #
# Table of output
cbind(tot=d1$estimates, se=sqrt(d1$varEstimates))
cbind(tot=d1$linCombs, se=sqrt(d1$varLinCombs))
# Ratio: Totals and linear combinations
d=PanelEstimation(bWide, numerator="unemployed", denominator="workforce", linComb=lc)
cbind(tot=d$estimates, se=sqrt(d$varEstimates))
cbind(tot=d$linCombs,se=sqrt(d$varLinCombs))
## Not run:
# Calibration when som population totals unknown (edu)
# Leverages in output (will be used to adjust residuals)
# Cluster robust estimation (families/famid)
b2 = CalibrateSSB(z,popData=zPop,calmodel="~ edu*sex + sex*age",
           partition=c("year","q"), y=c("unemployed","workforce"),
           leverageOutput=TRUE)
b2Wide = WideFromCalibrate(b2,CrossStrata(z[,c("year","q")]),z$id,extra=z$famid)
d2 = PanelEstimation(b2Wide, "unemployed", linComb=lc, group=1, estType = "robustModelGroup")
cbind(tot=d2$linCombs, se=sqrt(d2$varLinCombs))
## End(Not run)
# Yearly mean before ratio calculation (linComb0)
# and difference between years (linComb)
g=PanelEstimation(bWide,numerator="unemployed",denominator="workforce",
    linComb= LagDiff(2),linComb0=Period(8,4))
cbind(tot=g$linCombs,se=sqrt(g$varLinCombs))
```

print.calSSBwide

print.calSSB

Print method for calSSB

Description

Print method for calSSB

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'calSSB'
print(x, digits = max(getOption("digits") - 3, 3), ...)
```

Arguments

x calSSB object

digits positive integer. Minimum number of significant digits to be used for printing

most numbers.

... further arguments sent to the underlying

Value

Invisibly returns the original object.

print.calSSBwide

Print method for calSSBwide

Description

Print method for calSSBwide

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'calSSBwide'
print(x, digits = max(getOption("digits") - 3, 3), ...)
```

Arguments

x calSSBwide object

digits positive integer. Minimum number of significant digits to be used for printing

most numbers.

... further arguments sent to the underlying

Value

Invisibly returns the original object.

WideFromCalibrate 17

WideFromCalibrate Rearrange output from CalibrateSSB (calSSB object). Ready for input to PanelEstimation.

Description

One row for each id and one column for each wave.

Usage

```
WideFromCalibrate(a, wave = NULL, id = NULL, subSet = NULL, extra = NULL)
```

Arguments

a A calSSB object. That is	s, output from CalibrateSSB() or CalSSBobj().
----------------------------	---

wave Time or another repeat variable.

id Identifier variable.

subSet Grouping variable for splitting ouput.
extra Dataset with extra variables not in a.

Details

When wave, id or extra is NULL, corresponding elements in the input object (a) will be used if available,

Value

Output has the same elements (+ extra) as input (a), but rearranged. When subSet is input otput is alist according to the subSet levels.

See Also

CalibrateSSB, CalSSBobj, PanelEstimation.

Examples

See examples in PanelEstimation and CalSSBobj

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