# Package 'CATTexact'

July 21, 2025

Type	Package
	Computation of the p-Value for the Exact Conditional Cochran-Armitage Trend Test
Versio	on 0.1.1
	Provides functions for computing the one-sided p-values of the Cochran-Armitage trend test statistic for the asymptotic and the exact conditional test. The computation of the p-value for the exact test is performed using an algorithm following an idea by Mehta, et al. (1992) <a href="doi:10.2307/1390598">doi:10.2307/1390598</a> >.
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Asymptotic Cochran-Armitage trend test

#### **Description**

catt\_asy calculates the Cochran-Armitage trend test statistic (Cochran (1954), Armitage (1955)) and the one-sided p-value for the corresponding asymptotic test. The exact form of used test statistic can be found in the paper by Portier and Hoel (1984).

### Usage

```
catt_asy(dose.ratings, totals, cases)
```

#### **Arguments**

dose.ratings	A vector of dose ratings, the i-th entry corresponds to the dose-rating of the i-th group. This vector must be strictly monotonically increasing
totals	The vector of total individuals per group, the i-th entry corresponds to the total number of individuals in the i-th group
cases	The vector of incidences per groups, the i-th entry corresponds to the number of incidences in the i-th group

#### Value

A list containing the value of the Cochran-Armitage Trend Test Statistic and its asymptotic p-value.

#### References

Armitage, P. Tests for linear trends in proportions and frequencies. *Biometrics*, 11 (1955): 375-386.

Cochran, W. G. Some methods for strengthening the common  $\chi^2$  tests, *Biometrics*. 10 (1954): 417-451.

Portier, C., and Hoel D. Type 1 error of trend tests in proportions and the design of cancer screens. *Communications in Statistics-Theory and Methods*, 13 (1984): 1-14.

#### **Examples**

```
d <- c(1,2,3,4)
n <- rep(20,4)
r <- c(1,4,3,8)

catt_asy(d, n, r)</pre>
```

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catt_exact	Conditional exact Cochran-Armitage trend test
catt_cxact	Commonal exact Coentan Armitage trena test

#### **Description**

catt\_exact calculates the Cochran-Armitage trend test statistic (Cochran (1954), Armitage (1955)) and the one-sided p-value for the corresponding conditional exact test. The conditional exact test has been established by Williams (1988). The computation of its p-value is performed using an algorithm following an idea by Mehta, et al. (1992).

#### Usage

```
catt_exact(dose.ratings, totals, cases)
```

## Arguments

dose.ratings	A vector of dose ratings, the i-th entry corresponds to the dose-rating of the i-th group. This vector must be strictly monotonically increasing
totals	The vector of total individuals per group, the i-th entry corresponds to the total number of individuals in the i-th group.
cases	The vector of incidences per groups, the i-th entry corresponds to the number of incidences in the i-th group.

#### Value

A list containing the value of the Cochran-Armitage Trend Test Statistic, its exact and asymptotic p-value.

#### References

Armitage, P. Tests for linear trends in proportions and frequencies. *Biometrics*, 11 (1955): 375-386.

Cochran, W. G. Some methods for strengthening the common  $\chi^2$  tests, *Biometrics*. 10 (1954): 417-451.

Mehta, C. R., Nitin P., and Pralay S. Exact stratified linear rank tests for ordered categorical and binary data. *Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics*, 1 (1992): 21-40.

Portier, C., and Hoel D. Type 1 error of trend tests in proportions and the design of cancer screens. *Communications in Statistics-Theory and Methods*, 13 (1984): 1-14.

Williams, D. A. Tests for differences between several small proportions. *Applied Statistics*, 37 (1988): 421-434.

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## Examples

```
d <- c(1,2,3,4)
n <- rep(20,4)
r <- c(1,4,3,8)

catt_exact(d, n, r)</pre>
```

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